Prevention First! Coalition Academy

# Universal Screening in Schools for Mental Health & Substance Use

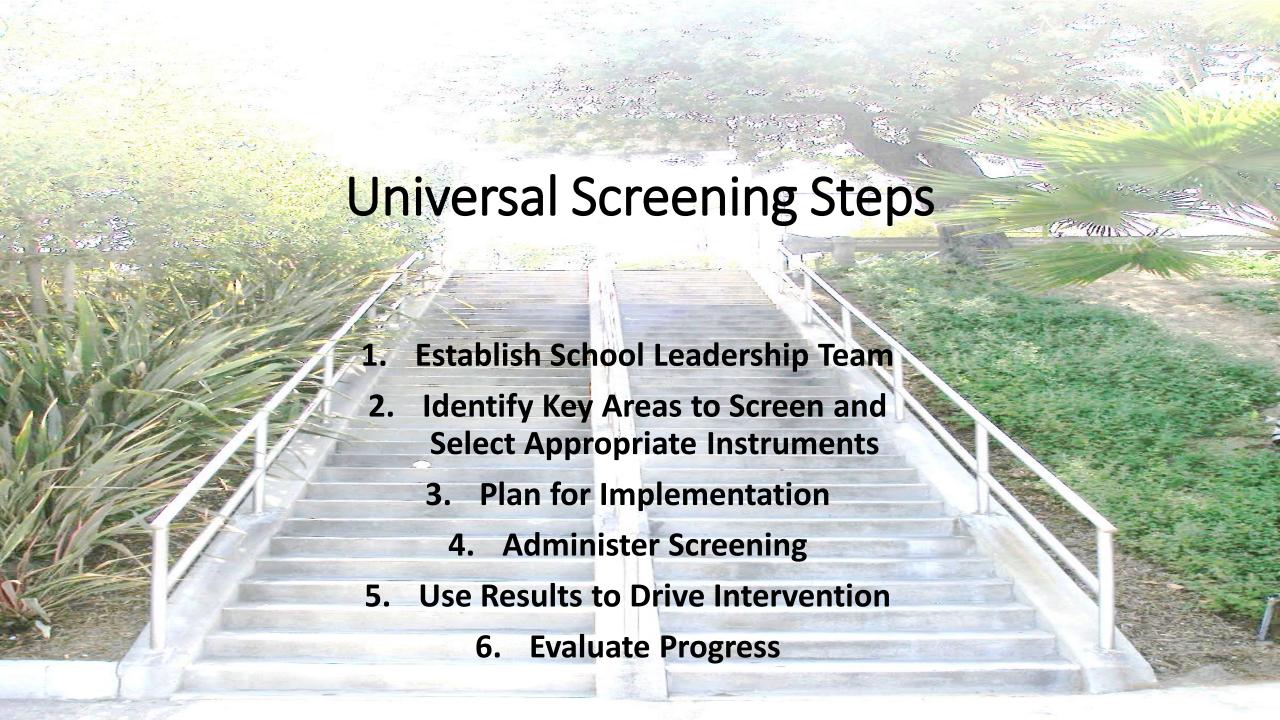
- 1 in 6 school-aged youth: <u>significant impairments</u> in life functioning due to a <u>mental illness</u> (e.g., ADHD, behavioral problems, conduct problems, anxiety, and/or depression)
- 1 in 4 youth: growing up in <u>poverty</u> and may be <u>exposed to</u> <u>violence, chronic insecurity, loss, hardship, and disruption of life</u>
- 1 in 5 youth: high levels of <u>traumatic adverse childhood</u> <u>experiences</u>
- 1 in 4 students: bullied by peers
- 1 in 10 adolescents: victim of <u>physical violence by a dating</u> <u>partner</u>
- Suicide is 2<sup>nd</sup> leading cause of death for youth (ages of 10-24)

### Why Screen Universally?

- Best practice recommended by:
  - National Association of School Psychologists
  - National Research Council
  - Institute of Medicine
  - World Health Organization
- Significantly more students need MH/BH services than receive them
- Universal screening helps with:
  - Early identification of students who are at-risk of MH/BH concerns
  - Students receiving services earlier than they otherwise would
  - Preventing the need for more intensive services later

### The Reality of Universal Screening...

- Less than 5% of schools engage in mental health screening
- Those who do may not adequately use screening data to inform interventions



### Step #1: Establish School Leadership Team

#### Team should:

- Consist of leaders who will help plan, implement, and evaluate the screening process through collaboration and feedback with other school professionals.
- Meet regularly to ensure that screening efforts are planned for, implemented, and monitored effectively.
- Include a building administrator, an individual with expertise in assessment and mental health (e.g. school psychologist, school social worker, or school counselor), regular & special education teachers across grade levels.

## Step #2: Identify Key Areas to Screen and Select Appropriate Instruments

- Screener should be:
  - Age-appropriate
  - Developmentally-appropriate
  - Culturally-appropriate
  - Practical to use
  - Brief in duration
  - Reliable and valid



### Mental Health, Social-Emotional, and Behavioral Screening and Evaluation Compendium

- Developed as part of Project AWARE Ohio
- This compendium identifies **no-cost and low-cost screening tools** to identify children and adolescents in need of mental health, social-emotional, and behavioral intervention.
- Available at:
  - http://resources.oberlinkconsulting.com/uploads/compendiums/C ompendium-Version-2.pdf
  - <a href="http://education.ohio.gov/">http://education.ohio.gov/</a> [Keyword search = Project AWARE]

### Step #3: Plan for Implementation

- Determine who will be involved with screening
  - School Psychologist
  - Guidance Counselor
  - Social Worker
  - School Nurse
  - Mental Health Therapist
- Develop procedure for screening as well as managing referrals
- Train those who will be involved
  - Tool
  - Procedure
- Time and Place for screenings



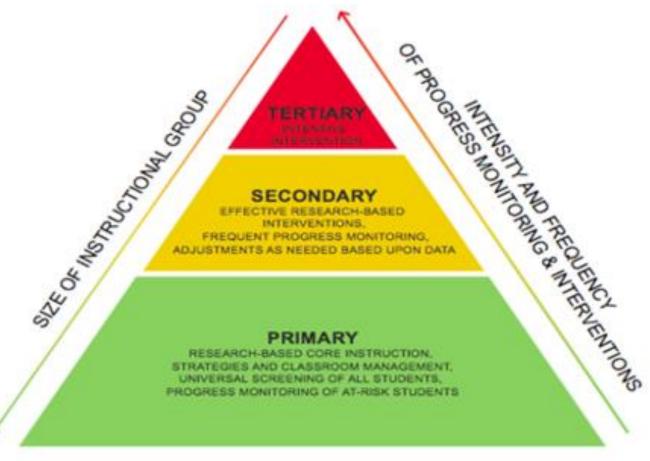
### Step #4: Administer Screening



- Inform student of the purpose of the screening
- Administer screening in a safe and confidential space
- Discuss concerns of confidentiality and how you will share results

#### Step #5: Use Results to Drive Intervention

- Create decision rules
- Refer according to decision rules



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### Step #6: Evaluate Progress

- Utilize Rapid Cycle Testing to review and enhance procedure
- Check data collection methods
- Review student progress



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